

| SECTION 1: Identification   |  |  |
|---|--|--|
| 1.1. Identification   |  |  |
| Product form :  | : Mixture                                    |  |
| Product name  | : FPT265 Porelon Pad                         |  |
| Product code :  | : FPT265                                     |  |
| 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substa   | Ince or mixture and uses advised against     |  |
|   | : Fingerprint Ink Pad                        |  |
| 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety da   | ata sheet                                    |  |
| SIRCHIE<br>100 Hunter Place<br>Youngsville, NC 27596 - USA<br>T 919-554-2244; 800-356-7311 - F 919-554-2266; 800-899-8181<br>http://www.sirchie.com |  |  |
| 1.4. Emergency telephone number   |  |  |
| Emergency number :  | : 1.800.424.9300<br>CHEMTREC: 1.800.424.9300 |  |
| SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification   |  |  |
| 2.1. Classification of the substance or mix   | xture  |  |
| GHS-US classification   |  |  |
| Flammable liquids Category 4  | H227   |  |
| Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A   | H319   |  |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Cate   | egory H370                                   |  |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)<br>Category 2  | H373   |  |
| Full text of H statements : see section 16  |  |  |
| 2.2. Label elements   |  |  |
| GHS-US labeling   |  |  |
| Hazard pictograms (GHS-US) :  | E CHS07 CHS08                                |  |
| Signal word (GHS-US)  | : Danger                                     |  |

| Signal word (GHS-US)       |
|----------------------------|
| Contains                   |
| Hazard statements (GHS-US) |

Precautionary statements (GHS-US)

- : diethanolamine; ortho-tricresyl phosphates, isomer mixture
- : H227 Combustible liquid
  - H319 Causes serious eye irritation
  - H370 Causes damage to organs
  - H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
- : P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, open flames, sparks. No smoking
- P260 Do not breathe vapors
- P264 Wash all exposed skin thoroughly after handling
- P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
- P280 Wear eye protection, protective gloves
- P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P307+P311 - If exposed: Call a poison center/doctor
- P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell
- P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label)
  - P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention
- P370+P378 In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, foam, water spray to extinguish
- P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool
- P405 Store locked up
  - P501 Dispose of contents/container to local/regional/national/international regulations

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#### 2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the classification

: None under normal conditions. Carbon black has not been listed as a carcinogen by the National Toxicology Program (NTP) or the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA). The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has recently reviewed carbon black and published a monograph changing its classification from insufficient evidence to make a determination to possible carcinogen.

### 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

### 3.1. Substance

- Not applicable
- 3.2. Mixture

| Name                                       | Product identifier | %    | GHS-US classification   |
|--|--------------------|------|---|
| ortho-tricresyl phosphates, isomer mixture |                    | 32.4 | STOT SE 1, H370   |
| carbon black                               | (CAS No) 1333-86-4 | 2.6  | Carc. 2, H351   |
| diethanolamine                             | (CAS No) 111-42-2  | 1.3  | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302<br>Skin Irrit. 2, H315<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>STOT RE 2, H373   |
| aniline                                    | (CAS No) 62-53-3   | 0.1  | Flam. Liq. 4, H227<br>Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301<br>Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311<br>Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331<br>Eye Dam. 1, H318<br>Skin Sens. 1, H317<br>Muta. 2, H341<br>Carc. 2, H351<br>STOT RE 1, H372<br>Aquatic Acute 1, H400 |

#### Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

| SECTION 4: First aid measures   |   |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| 4.1. Description of first aid measures  |   |  |  |
| First-aid measures general  | Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).   |  |  |
| First-aid measures after inhalation   | Allow victim to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest.  |  |  |
| First-aid measures after skin contact   | Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse.   |  |  |
| First-aid measures after eye contact  | <ul> <li>Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness<br/>persist.</li> </ul>  |  |  |
| First-aid measures after ingestion  | Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.  |  |  |
| 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects  | , both acute and delayed  |  |  |
| Symptoms/injuries :   | Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use.  |  |  |
| 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed |   |  |  |
| No additional information available   |   |  |  |
| SECTION 5: Firefighting measures  |   |  |  |
| 5.1. Extinguishing media  |   |  |  |
| Suitable extinguishing media  | Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.  |  |  |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media  | Do not use a heavy water stream.  |  |  |
| 5.2. Special hazards arising from the subs                                      | 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture  |  |  |
| Reactivity  | No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.  |  |  |
| 5.3. Advice for firefighters  |   |  |  |
| Firefighting instructions :   | <ul> <li>Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any<br/>chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.</li> </ul> |  |  |
| Protection during firefighting  | Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.   |  |  |

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|---|---|--|--|
| SECTION 6: Accidental release measures  |   |  |  |
| 6.1. Personal precautions, protective   | Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures   |  |  |
| 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel  |   |  |  |
| Emergency procedures  | : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.   |  |  |
| 6.1.2. For emergency responders   |   |  |  |
| Protective equipment  | : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.  |  |  |
| Emergency procedures  | : Ventilate area.   |  |  |
| 6.2. Environmental precautions  |   |  |  |
| Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. N  | otify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.   |  |  |
| 6.3. Methods and material for contain   | iment and cleaning up   |  |  |
| Methods for cleaning up   | : Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.  |  |  |
| 6.4. Reference to other sections  |   |  |  |
| See Heading 8. Exposure controls and perso  | nal protection.   |  |  |
| SECTION 7: Handling and storage   |   |  |  |
| 7.1. Precautions for safe handling  |   |  |  |
| Precautions for safe handling   | : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or<br>smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation<br>of vapor. |  |  |
| 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, incl  | uding any incompatibilities   |  |  |
| Storage conditions  | : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Keep container<br>closed when not in use.  |  |  |
| Incompatible products   | : Strong bases. Strong acids.   |  |  |
| Incompatible materials  | : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.   |  |  |
|   |   |  |  |

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

| aniline (62-53-3)   |                                     |  |
|---------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| ACGIH               | ACGIH TWA (ppm)                     | 2 ppm (Aniline; USA; Time-weighted average<br>exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value)   |
| Not applicable      |                                     |  |
| diethanolamine (11  | 1-42-2)                             |  |
| ACGIH               | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)                   | 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Diethanolamine; USA; Time-weighted<br>average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value;<br>Inhalable fraction and vapor) |
| Not applicable      |                                     |  |
| ortho-tricresyl pho | sphates, isomer mixture             |  |
| ACGIH               | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)                   | 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Triorthocresyl phosphate; USA; Time-<br>weighted average exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted<br>Value)                  |
| Not applicable      |                                     |  |
| carbon black (1333  | -86-4)                              |  |
| ACGIH               | ACGIH TWA (mg/m³)                   | 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (Carbon black; USA; Time-weighted average<br>exposure limit 8 h; TLV - Adopted Value; Inhalable<br>fraction)             |
| OSHA                | OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> ) | 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>  |

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| 8.2.   | Exposure controls        |   |  |
|--------|--------------------------|---|--|
| Persor | nal protective equipment | : Gloves. Safety glasses. Avoid all unnecessary exposure. |  |
|        |                          |   |  |
| Hand p | protection               | : Wear protective gloves.                                 |  |
| Eye pr | otection                 | : Chemical goggles or safety glasses.                     |  |
| Respir | atory protection         | : Wear appropriate mask.                                  |  |

Respiratory protection Other information

: Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

| 9.1. Information on basic physical a        | nd chemical properties  |
|---|---|
| Physical state                              | : Liquid  |
| Appearance                                  | : Liquid paste.   |
| Color                                       | : Black   |
| Odor  | : hydrocarbon-like odor   |
| Odor threshold                              | : No data available   |
| рН  | : No data available   |
| Melting point                               | : No data available   |
| Freezing point                              | : No data available   |
| Boiling point                               | : No data available   |
| Flash point                                 | : No data available   |
| Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) | : No data available   |
| Flammability (solid, gas)                   | : No data available   |
| Explosion limits                            | : No data available   |
| Explosive properties                        | : No data available   |
| Oxidizing properties                        | : No data available   |
| Vapor pressure                              | : No data available   |
| Relative density                            | : No data available   |
| Relative vapor density at 20 °C             | : No data available   |
| Solubility                                  | <ul> <li>Insoluble in water.</li> <li>Water: Solubility in water of component(s) of the mixture :</li> <li>diethanolamine: Complete</li> <li>ortho-tricresyl phosphates, isomer mixture: &lt; 0.1 g/100ml</li> <li>carbon black: &lt; 0.01 g/100ml</li> <li>aniline: 3.5 g/100ml (25 °C, moderately soluble)</li> </ul> |
| Log Pow                                     | : No data available   |
| Auto-ignition temperature                   | : No data available   |
| Decomposition temperature                   | : No data available   |
| Viscosity                                   | : No data available   |
| Viscosity, kinematic                        | : No data available   |
| Viscosity, dynamic                          | : No data available   |
| 9.2. Other information                      |   |

No additional information available

| SECT             | SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity   |  |  |  |
|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 10.1.            | Reactivity   |  |  |  |
| No reac          | No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below. |  |  |  |
| 10.2.            | Chemical stability   |  |  |  |
| Stable u         | Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).    |  |  |  |
| 10.3.            | Possibility of hazardous reactions   |  |  |  |
| Not established. |  |  |  |  |
| 10.4.            | Conditions to avoid  |  |  |  |

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

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| 10.5.                                 | Incompatible materials                 |  |  |  |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Strong                                | Strong acids. Strong bases.            |  |  |  |
| 10.6.                                 | Hazardous decomposition products       |  |  |  |
| fume. C                               | fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. |  |  |  |
| SECTION 11: Toxicological information |  |  |  |  |
| 11.1.                                 | Information on toxicological effects   |  |  |  |

| Acute toxicity                                     | : Not classified   |
|--|--|
| aniline (62-53-3)                                  |  |
| LD50 oral rat                                      | 250 mg/kg (Rat)  |
| LD50 dermal rabbit                                 | 840 mg/kg (Rabbit; Experimental value; 21 CFR 191.10; 836 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit)  |
| LC50 inhalation rat (mg/l)                         | 3.27 mg/l/4h (Rat; Experimental value)   |
| ATE US (oral)                                      | 250.000 mg/kg body weight  |
| ATE US (dermal)                                    | 840.000 mg/kg body weight  |
| ATE US (gases)                                     | 700.000 ppmV/4h  |
| ATE US (vapors)                                    | 3.270 mg/l/4h  |
| ATE US (dust, mist)                                | 3.270 mg/l/4h  |
| diethanolamine (111-42-2)                          |  |
| LD50 oral rat                                      | 620 mg/kg (Rat)  |
| LD50 dermal rabbit                                 | 7640 mg/kg (Rabbit)  |
| ATE US (oral)                                      | 620.000 mg/kg body weight  |
| ATE US (dermal)                                    | 7640.000 mg/kg body weight   |
| carbon black (1333-86-4)                           |  |
| LD50 oral rat                                      | > 8000 mg/kg (Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 401; Experimental value)  |
| LD50 dermal rabbit                                 | > 3000 mg/kg (Rabbit)  |
| Skin corrosion/irritation                          | : Not classified   |
| Serious eye damage/irritation                      | : Causes serious eye irritation.   |
| Respiratory or skin sensitization                  | : Not classified   |
| Germ cell mutagenicity                             | : Not classified   |
| ,  | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met   |
| Carcinogenicity                                    | : Not classified   |
| FPT265 Porelon Pad                                 |  |
| Additional information                             | This product contains less than 0.1% of absorbed PAHs (polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons).<br>In non-absorbed form, some PAHs have been found to be carcinogens in animal studies. No<br>correlating carcinogenic effect, however, has been observed in humans due to exposure to<br>Carbon Black pigment. Chronic inflammation, lung fibrosis, and lung tumors have been<br>observed in some rats experimentally exposed, for long periods of time, to very high<br>concentrations. Researchers conducting rat inhalation studies believe that these effects most<br>likely result from massive accumulation of small dust particles in the lung which overwhelm the<br>natural lung clearance mechanism, known as "lung overload" phenomenon, rather than from a<br>specific chemical effect of the dust particles in the lung |
| aniline (62-53-3)                                  |  |
| IARC group   | 3 - Not classifiable   |
| diethanolamine (111-42-2)                          |  |
| IARC group   | 3 - Not classifiable   |
| carbon black (1333-86-4)                           |  |
| IARC group   | 2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans   |
| Reproductive toxicity                              | : Not classified   |
|  | Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met   |
| Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)   | : Causes damage to organs.   |
| Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) | : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.   |

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Aspiration hazard

: Not classified

Potential Adverse human health effects and symptoms

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1. Toxicity

| diethanolamine (111-42-2)                  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| LC50 fish 1                                | 1664 mg/l (LC50; 96 h; Pimephales promelas)   |  |
| EC50 Daphnia 2                             | 55 mg/l (EC50; 48 h)  |  |
| ortho-tricresyl phosphates, isomer mixture |   |  |
| LC50 fish 2                                | 0.26 mg/l (LC50; 96 h)  |  |
| carbon black (1333-86-4)                   |   |  |
| LC50 fish 1                                | > 1000 mg/l (LC50; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Brachydanio rerio)  |  |
| EC50 Daphnia 1                             | > 5600 mg/l (EC50; OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test; 24 h; Daphnia magna;<br>Static system; Fresh water)                       |  |
| LC50 fish 2                                | 1000 mg/l (LC0; OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test; 96 h; Brachydanio rerio; Semi-static system; Fresh water; Experimental value)            |  |
| Threshold limit algae 1                    | > 10000 mg/l (EC50; OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test; 72 h; Scenedesmus<br>subspicatus; Static system; Fresh water; Experimental value) |  |

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

| FPT265 Porelon Pad              |   |  |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Persistence and degradability   | Not established.  |  |
| aniline (62-53-3)               |   |  |
| Persistence and degradability   | Readily biodegradable in water. Photodegradation in water. Inhibition of nitrification.<br>Biodegradable in the soil. Low potential for adsorption in soil. |  |
| BOD (% of ThOD)                 | 0.62  |  |
| diethanolamine (111-42-2)       |   |  |
| Persistence and degradability   | Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air.   |  |
| Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) | 0.22 g O₂/g substance   |  |
| Chemical oxygen demand (COD)    | 1.52 g O₂/g substance   |  |
| ThOD                            | 2.13 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance  |  |
| BOD (% of ThOD)                 | 0.10  |  |
| carbon black (1333-86-4)        |   |  |
| Persistence and degradability   | Biodegradability: not applicable. Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Adsorbs into the soil.  |  |
| ThOD                            | Not applicable  |  |

#### **Bioaccumulative potential** 12.3.

| FPT265 Porelon Pad                         |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Bioaccumulative potential                  | Not established.   |  |
| aniline (62-53-3)                          |  |  |
| BCF fish 2                                 | 2.6 (BCF; Danio rerio; Static system)                                  |  |
| Log Pow                                    | 0.91 (Experimental value; EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient; 25 °C) |  |
| Bioaccumulative potential                  | Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).                         |  |
| diethanolamine (111-42-2)                  |  |  |
| Log Pow                                    | -2.181.43 (Experimental value)   |  |
| Bioaccumulative potential                  | Bioaccumulation: not applicable.                                       |  |
| ortho-tricresyl phosphates, isomer mixture |  |  |
| BCF fish 1                                 | 166 (BCF)  |  |
| Log Pow                                    | 3.42 - 5.11  |  |
| Bioaccumulative potential                  | High potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow > 5).                      |  |
| carbon black (1333-86-4)                   |  |  |
| Bioaccumulative potential                  | Not bioaccumulative.   |  |
| 08/05/2016                                 | EN (English US) 6/9  |  |

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| 12.4. Mobility in soil              |   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| aniline (62-53-3)                   |   |
| Surface tension                     | 0.071 N/m (20 °C; 0.042 N/m; 25 °C; 0.039 N/m; 50 °C; 0.037 N/m; 75 °C)   |
| Log Koc                             | Koc,130; Experimental value; GLP  |
| carbon black (1333-86-4)            |   |
| Ecology - soil                      | Not toxic to plants. Not toxic to animals.                                |
| 12.5. Other adverse effects         |   |
|                                     |   |
| Effect on the global warming        | : No known ecological damage caused by this product.                      |
| Other information                   | : Avoid release to the environment.                                       |
| SECTION 13: Disposal considerat     | ione  |
| 13.1. Waste treatment methods       |   |
| Waste disposal recommendations      | : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. |
| Ecology - waste materials           | : Avoid release to the environment.                                       |
| SECTION 14: Transport information   |   |
| · · · · ·                           |   |
| Department of Transportation (DOT)  |   |
| In accordance with DOT              |   |
| Not regulated for transport         |   |
| TDG                                 |   |
| No additional information available |   |
| Transport by sea                    |   |
| No additional information available |   |
| Air transport                       |   |
| No additional information available |   |
| SECTION 15: Regulatory informat     | ion   |
| 15.1. US Federal regulations        |   |
| FPT265 Porelon Pad                  |   |
|                                     |   |

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

### 15.2. International regulations

**CANADA** No additional information available

#### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

## National regulations

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Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

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| 15.3. US State regulations  |     |  |  |  |
|---|-----|--|--|--|
| FPT265 Porelon Pad  |     |  |  |  |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens<br>List               | Yes |  |  |  |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental<br>Toxicity         | No  |  |  |  |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive<br>Toxicity - Female | No  |  |  |  |
| U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive<br>Toxicity - Male   | No  |  |  |  |

| SECTION 16: Other information |  |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Data sources                  | : REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE<br>COUNCIL of 16 December 2008 on classification, labeling and packaging of substances and<br>mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending<br>Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.  |
| Training advice               | : Normal use of this product shall imply use in accordance with the instructions on the packaging.<br>Keep in tightly closed container. Keep cool and dry. Avoid all ignition sources - heat, open<br>flame, sparks. Avoid incompatible materials. Avoid dust creation and accumulation. Avoid<br>inhalation and ingestion. Avoid contact with eyes. Wash thoroughly after handling. |
| Other information             | : This Safety Data Sheet has been established in accordance with the applicable European<br>Union legislation. None.   |

### Full text of H-phrases:

|        | H227                         | Combustible liquid   |
|--------|------------------------------|--|
|        | H301                         | Toxic if swallowed   |
|        | H302                         | Harmful if swallowed   |
|        | H311                         | Toxic in contact with skin   |
|        | H315                         | Causes skin irritation   |
|        | H317                         | May cause an allergic skin reaction  |
|        | H318                         | Causes serious eye damage  |
|        | H319                         | Causes serious eye irritation  |
|        | H331                         | Toxic if inhaled   |
|        | H341                         | Suspected of causing genetic defects   |
|        | H351                         | Suspected of causing cancer  |
|        | H370                         | Causes damage to organs  |
|        | H372                         | Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure   |
|        | H373                         | May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated<br>exposure   |
|        | H400                         | Very toxic to aquatic life   |
|        | health hazard<br>fire hazard | <ul> <li>2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt medical attention is given.</li> <li>1 - Must be preheated before ignition can occur.</li> </ul> |
|        | reactivity                   | : 0 - Normally stable, even under fire exposure conditions,  |
| NEFA   | leactivity                   | and are not reactive with water.   |
| HMIS I | II Rating                    |  |
| Health | Ũ                            | : 2 Moderate Hazard - Temporary or minor injury may occur  |
| Flamm  | ability                      | <ul> <li>1 Slight Hazard - Materials that must be preheated before ignition will occur. Includes liquids,<br/>solids and semi solids having a flash point above 200 F. (Class IIIB)</li> </ul>                             |
| Physic | al                           | : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that are normally stable, even under fire conditions, and will NOT<br>react with water, polymerize, decompose, condense, or self-react. Non-Explosives.                                     |
| Person | al Protection                | : G  |
|        |                              | G - Safety glasses, Gloves, Vapor respirator   |
| SDS US | 6 (GHS HazCom 2012)          |  |
|        |                              |  |

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